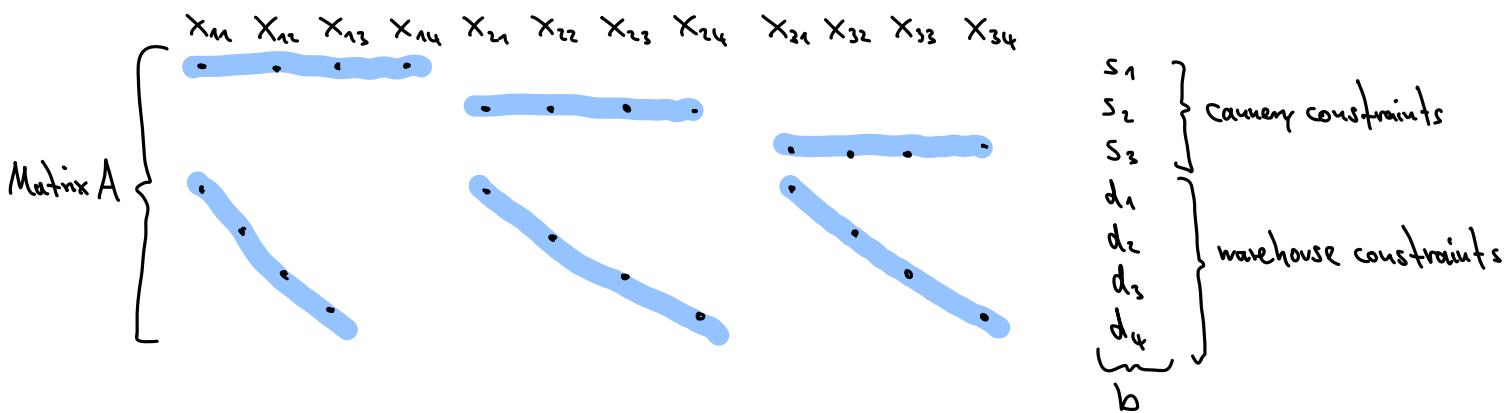


Last time we considered a transportation problem

- Minimize $\bar{z} = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n c_{ij} x_{ij}$ (transportation cost),
- subject to: $\sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} = s_i$ for all $i = 1, \dots, m$,
- $\sum_{i=1}^m x_{ij} = d_j$ for all $j = 1, \dots, n$,
- $x_{ij} \geq 0$.

Here, the constraints have a special pattern:



For this type of problem the following holds:

- There are feasible solutions if and only if $\sum_{i=1}^m s_i = \sum_{j=1}^n d_j$ (supply = demand)
- If all s_i and d_j have integer values, then all basic variables in all basic feasible solutions have integer values.
 ↗ sometimes important for applications
- A streamlined simplex method is available. (We skip the details.)
 ↗ important for large scale problems

Now: consider additional difficulties

We use the Metro Water District example (Hillier, Lieberman Ch. 8):

↳ Water from 3 rivers needs to be distributed to 4 cities

	Transportation Costs				Supply
	City 1	City 2	City 3	City 4	
River 1	16	13	22	17	50
River 2	14	13	19	15	60
River 3	19	20	23	/	50
Minimum request	30	70	0	10	
Maximum request	50	70	30	∞	

City 4 cannot be supplied with water from River 3.

We have upper and lower bounds for decision variables

Goal: Write this in the standard transportation problem form.

Note:

- Upper bound for City 4 can be replaced by $(\underbrace{50+60+50}_{\text{total supply}}) - (\underbrace{30+70}_{\text{minimum needed by other cities}}) = 60$
- We replace River 3/City 4 entry by a very large cost M .
↳ then every optimal solution will have $x_{34} = 0$
- Problem: requested demand (210) \geq supply (160)
We solve this by introducing a "dummy source" with a supply of 50 ($= 210 - 160$)

This leads to:

	Transportation Costs					
	City 1(min.)	City 1(extra)	City 2	City 3	City 4	Supply
River 1	16	16	13	22	17	50
River 2	14	14	13	19	15	60
River 3	19	19	20	23	11	50
Dummy	M	0	M	0	0	50

Minimum Demand

The simplex method gives us the following result:

	1 min.	1 extra	2	3	4	
1						
2						
3						
4 (D)	30	20	50 20	30	20	
	30	20	70	30	60	$Z = 2460$

\Rightarrow Actual water delivered:

- City 1: $30 + 20 = 50$
- City 2: 70
- City 3: $30 - 30 = 0$
- City 4: $60 - 20 = 40$