

# Foundations of Mathematical Physics

## Homework 10

Due on Nov. 23, 2023, before the tutorial.

### Problem 1 [6 points]: Properties of the Hilbert space adjoint

Prove the following properties of the Hilbert space adjoint that were stated in class. Let  $A, B$  be bounded linear operators on a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ , and  $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}$ . Then

- (a)  $(A + B)^* = A^* + B^*$  and  $(\lambda A)^* = \bar{\lambda}A^*$ ,
- (b)  $(AB)^* = B^*A^*$ ,
- (c)  $\|A^*\| = \|A\|$ ,
- (d)  $A^{**} = A$ ,
- (e)  $\|AA^*\| = \|A^*A\| = \|A\|^2$ ,
- (f)  $\ker A = (\operatorname{im} A^*)^\perp$  and  $\ker A^* = (\operatorname{im} A)^\perp$ .

### Problem 2 [8 points]: Unitary groups with bounded generators

Let  $\mathcal{H}$  be a Hilbert space and let  $H \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{H})$  be symmetric. Prove that

$$e^{-iHt} := \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-iHt)^n}{n!}$$

defines a unitary group generated by  $(H, \mathcal{H})$  which is also uniformly differentiable in  $t$ . *Hint: Proceed step by step: Show that the series is well-defined, that the group property holds, unitarity, uniform differentiability, and finally that the Schrödinger equation holds.*

### Problem 3 [6 points]: Neumann series

Let  $X$  be a Banach space and  $T \in \mathcal{L}(X)$  with  $\|T\| < 1$ . Prove that  $1 - T$  is invertible with inverse

$$(1 - T)^{-1} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T^n.$$

Conclude that  $T \in \mathcal{L}(X)$  is invertible if  $\|1 - T\| < 1$ . *Hint: Geometric series.*